Peer support groups after a cardiac event THE HEART - a 12-month follow-up

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After a cardiac event, all patients in Sweden are given the opportunity of participating in groupctivities arranged by the Swedish National Association for Heart and Lung patients in a program called The Heart School.

PURPOSE

To compare persons who have participated in The Heart School after a cardiac event, and persons who have declined to attend such group-activities with regard to:

- Self-rated health, life situation and social support.
- Clinical data, re-hospitalisation and mortality.

METHOD

Design and setting

A non-randomised, comparative study design was employed at a district hospital in the southern part of Sweden, with a catchment area of 50,000 inhabitants.

Study group

184 consecutively chosen patients with myocardial infarction or treated with percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty or coronary by-pass surgery (Table 1).

Measurements

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atients visited health care centres at three times during 12 months to undergo medical examinations including blood counts, blood pressure and body-mass index.

Questionnaire

Patients answered a questionnaire consisting of three ales; Life Satisfaction Questionnaire (1, 2) Social Network and Social Support Scale (3) and Zung Self-Rating Depression Scale (4, 5) at three times during 12 months.

RESULTS

There were differences between groups (Table 2). Participants reported more physical symptoms during the twelve months but no differences were found in feelings of sadness, tearfulness, irritability or stress, nor concerning diet, physical activities, sex-life, meaning in life or belief in the future. Participants who no longer had a job reported lower satisfaction with their life situation than non-participants in the same position at baseline but not at 3 and 12 months. Concerning clinical data no differences were found except a lower body-mass index at 3 months and a higher HDL in participants at 12 months despite no differences between groups at baseline. No differences were found in re-hospitalisation and mortality.

Differences within groups are presented in Table 3.

CONCLUSIONS

As there was no randomisation, the result must be interpreted with caution, but there are good reasons to assume that there were benefits of group-participation, such as informational support, life-style changes and increased satisfaction with the life situation among group-participants who were unemployed.

Table 1. Sociodemographic data of participants (n = 59) and non-participants (n=125) in peer support groups for cardiac patients

	Participiants	Non-participiants	p-value p<.0001	
Gender; men/women (n)	31/28	100/25		
Mean age/range (years)	65,6/48-80	62,9/38-83	ns	
Cohabiting (%)	78	77	ns	
Swedish born (%)	91	94	ns	
Blue collar workers (%)	54,2	62,1	ns	

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Table 2. Differences between participants (n = 59) in peer support groups after a cardiac event and non-participants (n = 125) concerning self-rated health and social support.

	BASELINE			3 MONTHS			12 MONTHS		
	Participiants Mean Rank	Non- participiants Mean Rank	p-value	Participiants Mean Rank	Non- participiants Mean Rank	p-value	Participiants Mean Rank	Non- participiants Mean Rank	p-value
Palpitation of the heart	100,22	88,09	ns	102,62	86,17 •	p<.02	102,14	87,30 •	p<.03
Fatigue	80,28	98,27 •	p<.02	84,75	94,74	ns	76,64	99,99 •	p<.004
Sleeplessness	81,14	97,17 •	p<.05	82,18	95,97	ns	82,14	97,39	ns
Muscular weakness	86,56	95,30	ns	89,69	92,37	ns	80,80	98,02 •	p<.03
Pain	87,58	94,82	ns	82,44	95,85	ns	80,07	97,54 •	p<.03
No difficulty in doing things one is accustomed to	80,75	98,04 •	p<.02	82,75	95,70	ns	89,29	94,02	ns
Informational support	86,98	95,10	ns	75,97 •	98,27	p<.003	82,39 •	97,27	p<.04
Material support	83,22 •	96,88	p<.04	88,71	92,11	ns	84,80	96,14	ns

Mean rank ranges between two extremes comprising three to seven reply alternatives A value marked with an • implies a favourable answer.

Table 3. Differences within participants (n = 59) participating in peer support groups after a cardiac event and non-participants (n = 125) concerning self-rated health. life situation and social support.

		PARTICIPIANTS				NON-PARTICIPIANTS			
	Baseline Mean Rank	3 months Mean Rank	12 months Mean Rank	p-value	Baseline Mean Rank	3 months Mean Rank	12 months Mean Rank	p-value	
Palpitation of the heart	2,09	2,01	1,90	ns	2,15	1,98	1,87•	p<.001	
Fatigue	1,75	2,10	2,15•	p<.02	1,74	2,06	2,20 •	p<.0001	
Feeling happy about everyday things	2,19 •	1,89	1,92	p<.04	2,00	2,06	1,94	ns	
Regular physical activity	2,23	1,81 •	1,97	p<.004	2,11	1,91	1,98	ns	
Smoking	1,92	2,07 •	2,02	p<.01	2,01	2,02	1,96	ns	
Avoiding high fat foods	2,03	1,96	2,01	ns	2,10	1,96	1,94+	p<.01	
Emotional support	2,01	1,97	2,02	ns	1,86 •	2,03	2,11	p<.0001	
Appraisal support	1,95	2,00	2,05	ns	1,91 •	2,06	2,02	p<.03	
Material support	1,86 •	2,14	2,01	p<.02	1,92	2,04	2,04	ns	

Mean rank ranges between two extremes comprising three to seven reply alternatives A value marked with an • implies a favourable answer.